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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
9	AT TA	COMA
10	WAYNE SYMMONDS,	
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. 3:15-CV-05535-BHS-DWC
12	v.	ORDER DENYING SECOND MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF
13	WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS et al.,	COUNSEL
14	Defendants.	
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16	The District Court has referred this 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action to United States Magistrate	
17	Judge David W. Christel. Currently pending in this action is Plaintiff's second Motion for	
18	Appointment of Counsel ("Motion"). Dkt. 26. On January 11, 2016, the Court denied Plaintiff's	
19	first motion (Dkt. 19) for appointment of counsel (Dkt. 21).	
20	There is no constitutional right to appointment of counsel in a § 1983 action. <i>Storseth v</i> .	
21	Spellman, 654 F.2d 1349, 1353 (9th Cir. 1981). See also United States v. \$292,888.04 in U.S.	
22	Currency, 54 F.3d 564, 569 (9th Cir. 1995) ("[a]ppointment of counsel under this section is	
23	discretionary, not mandatory."). However, in "ex	ceptional circumstances," a district court may
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1	appoint counsel for indigent civil litigants pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1) (formerly 28	
2	U.S.C.§ 1915(d)). Rand v. Roland, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997), overruled on other	
3	grounds, 154 F.3d 952 (9th Cir. 1998) (emphasis supplied.) To decide whether exceptional	
4	circumstances exist, the court must evaluate both "the likelihood of success on the merits [and]	
5	the ability of the petitioner to articulate his claims pro se in light of the complexity of the legal	
6	issues involved." Wilborn v. Escalderon, 789 F.2d 1328, 1331 (9th Cir. 1986) (quoting	
7	Weygandt v. Look, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983)). A plaintiff must plead facts that show he	
8	has an insufficient grasp of his case or the legal issue involved and an inadequate ability to	
9	articulate the factual basis of his claim. Agyeman v. Corrections Corp. of America, 390 F.3d	
10	1101, 1103 (9th Cir. 2004).	
11	Here, Plaintiff has failed to establish that exceptional circumstances warrant the	
12	appointment of counsel at this time. Although unclear, Plaintiff appears to be seeking counsel for	
13	discovery matters and because "all rules broken by Defendant Goodwin" on the case. Dkt. 26 at	
14	1-2.	
15	The Court denied Plaintiff's first motion for appointment of counsel previously, noting	
16	Plaintiff's case does not involve complex facts or law, and Plaintiff has not shown an inability to	
17	articulate the factual basis of his claims in a fashion understandable to the Court. Plaintiff has not	
18	shown he is likely to succeed on the merits of his case. Accordingly, Plaintiff's Motion for	
19	Appointment of Counsel (Dkt. 26) is denied without prejudice.	
20	Dated this 20th day of June, 2016.	
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22	David W. Christel	
23	United States Magistrate Judge	
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